CS415 — Discussion Section Notes 6

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Any questions about scoping? Moving on...

1 Typing Rules, Judgements, and Checking

Some simple exercises for the class:

What is the type judgement for arithmetic (adding)?

What is the typing judgement for IF statements?

What does the following rule mean? How do we read it? Discuss!

$$O, M, C \vdash e_1 : T_1 \\ O, M, C \vdash e_2 : T_2 \\ \vdots \\ O, M, C \vdash e_n : T_n \\ \hline O, M, C \vdash \{ e_1; e_2; \dots e_n; \} : T_n$$

[Sequence]

...That's all very nice. But how on earth does that turn into code? PA4, after all, includes a "type checker," which really just enforces the rules we've written in Greek.

2 SELF_TYPE

What's the difference between static and dynamic? As applied to type systems? As applied to dispatch?

In our type system, we define *soundness* as follows:

$$\forall E. \quad dynamic_type(E) \leq static_type(E)$$

Why does this work?

Consider the following piece of code:

Listing 1: SELF_TYPE problem

class A {		class B inherits A {
<pre>modifying_op() : A {</pre>		(* *)
{ (* *)	1	name : String {
self;		name;
}		}
}		};
};		
myObject : B <- (new B).	modif	Tying_op(); (* badness *)

What's wrong here? Solution: we add SELF_TYPE to the language, and change our code:

Listing 2: SELF_TYPE solution

modifying_op() : SELF_TYPE {
 { (* ... *)
 self;
 }

Note: Unlike other typenames, SELF_TYPE means different things in different parts of the code. What changes do we need to make to our type system for that to work?

Which of the following are legal?

Listing 3: SELF_TYPE placement

(* 1 *) class SELF_TYPE inherits Q ...
(* 2 *) s : SELF_TYPE <- ...
(* 3 *) s <- new SELF_TYPE</pre>

Can SELF_TYPE be a method argument type?

Listing 4: Using SELF_TYPE as an argument

```
class Main inherits IO {
  main() : Object {
    let p : A <- new A in
    p.test(p)
  };
};
class A { test(a : SELF_TYPE) : Int { 0 }; };
class B inherits A { test(a : SELF_TYPE) : Int { 1 }; };</pre>
```